





Initiative for Climate Action Transparency - ICAT



PROTOCOL MRV FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY POLICY CAMBODIA









Initiative for Climate Action Transparency - ICAT -

MEASUREMENT, REPORTING AND VERIFICATION SYSTEM FOR RENEWABLE ENERGY POLICY IN CAMBODIA

DELIVERABLE 3.2: PROTOCOL OF THE MRV SYSTEM FOR REVERSE AUCTION POLICY IN CAMBODIA

DISCLAIMER

All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, photocopying, recording or otherwise, for commercial purposes without prior permission of UNOPS. Otherwise, material in this publication may be used, shared, copied, reproduced, printed and/ or stored, provided that appropriate acknowledgement is given of UNOPS as the source. In all cases the material may not be altered or otherwise modified without the express permission of UNOPS.

This publication has been produced as part of a component of the Initiative for Climate Action Transparency project (ICAT) implemented by UNEP DTU Partnership (UDP). The views expressed in this publication are those of Consultants, and do not necessarily reflect the views of the GSSD or UDP.

PUBLISHED BY

General Secretariat of the National Council for Sustainable Development: Department of Climate Change

PREPARED UNDER

Initiative for Climate Action Transparency (ICAT) project supported by the German Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety, the Children's Investment Fund Foundation (CIFF), the Italian Ministry of Ecological Transition (IMET) and ClimateWorks.















The ICAT project is managed by the United Nations Office for Project Services (UNOPS)











Acknowledgement

The Royal Government of Cambodia (RGC), being an important player to tackle the adverse effects of climate change and to reduce global warming, ratified the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) in 1995 and the Paris Agreement in 2017. The country also submitted its Nationally Determined Contributions (NDCs) to UNFCCC in 2017.

Increasing the share of renewable electricity, especially through the introduction of grid-connected solar PV systems, is one of the mitigation actions proposed by RGC in its NDC to UNFCCC. Having an internationally recognized and transparent system for the Measurement, Reporting and Verification (MRV) to evaluate the Greenhouse Gas (GHG) effect of such mitigation actions is an essential requirement.

UNEP DTU Partnership, which provides technical assistance to improve transparency and capacity building in the RGC under this ICAT project, aims to design an MRV system for a selected renewable energy policy in Cambodia. A Team of National Experts, and International Experts of Climate Smart Initiatives (Pvt) Ltd (ClimateSI) was selected to support the Cambodian team with the project.

Appreciating the invaluable contribution extended from all stakeholders related to the assignment, we would like to extend our sincere thanks and gratitude to:

H.E. Tin Ponlok, Secretary General, General Secretariat of the National Council for Sustainable Development

H.E. Sum Thy, Deputy Secretary General, General Secretariat of the National Council for Sustainable Development

Officers of Ministry of Mines and Energy and

national experts including

Dr. Hak Mao,

Mr. Sum Cheat

Mr. Heng Kunleang

for assisting with this assignment by granting necessary approvals, making relevant officers available for participation for the discussions, and providing necessary information.









We appreciate the contributions and continued support extended by the participants for the discussions while attending to their routine duties.

We would also like to appreciate Dr. Fatemeh Bakhtiari and Dr. Jyoti Prasad Painuly, Senior Researchers of UNEP-DTU Partnership, for their kind contribution in supervising, reviewing, editing, and providing valuable inputs to improve the quality of this report.

General Secretariat of the National Council for Sustainable Development









List of Acronyms

EAC Electricity Authority of Cambodia

EDC Electricite du Cambodge

GSSD General Secretariat of the National Council for Sustainable Development

GHGs Greenhouse Gases

IPPs Independent Power Producers

LCOE Levelized Cost of Electricity

MEF Ministry of Economy and Finance

MoE Ministry of Environment

MME Ministry of Mines and Energy

MoP Ministry of Planning

MRV Measurement, Reporting and Verification

NCSD National Council for Sustainable Development

UNFCCC United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

WACC Weighted Average Coast of Capital









Table of contents

Ackno	wledgement iii
List of	Acronymsv
Table o	of contentvi
1 M	onitoring Reporting and Verification Protocol1
Ove	rview1
1.1	Introduction1
1.2	Monitoring plan1
1.3	Monitoring methodology2
1	3.1 Ex-ante parameters6
1	3.2 Ex-post parameters
1.4	Parameter and procedure
1.5	Organization structure and MRV specific responsibilities
1.6	Proposed data management system
1.7	Data requirement
List o	f Tables
Table	1 List of equations5
Table 2	2 List of parameters required for ex-ante analysis6
Table 3	3: List of parameters required for ex-post analysis7
Table 3	Parameter and procedure table
Table 4	4 MRV specific responsibilities of the stakeholders
List o	f Figures
Figure	1 Monitoring plan
Figure	2 Proposed data management system









1 Monitoring Reporting and Verification Protocol

Promoting Solar Energy through reverse auction policy

Overview

This protocol serves as an overview of the monitoring process, a qualitative assessment of the monitored parameters, the organizational structure and primary responsibilities of the personnel involved in monitoring and QA/QC process.

1.1 Introduction

Reverse auction policy, which is a type of competitive bidding, has been introduced in Cambodia to select project developers of grid connected solar power projects. Introduction of the reverse auction policy can lead to increase the solar power generation and to reduce the construction and addition of fossil fuel power plants. This will cause a reduction of GHG emissions from existing and new fossil fuel power plants.

1.2 Overall monitoring plan



Figure 1 Overall monitoring plan

Source: Author









1.3 Monitoring methodology

Methodology

ICAT RE guidance, 2019. Guidance can be applied for

- i) Auction policy ii) Feed-in tariff policy iii) Tax incentive policy
- ➤ At National, subnational and municipal levels
- > During planned, adopted and implementation stage of the policy

Main steps of the methodology

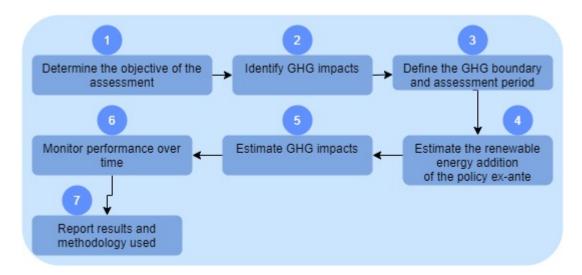


Figure 2 Main steps of methodology, Source: ICAT, 2020

Step 1 - Determine the objective of the assessment

 Determine the objectives of the assessment at the beginning of the impact assessment process

Step 2 - Identify GHG impacts

- Identify all potential GHG impacts of the policy and associated GHG source categories
- Develop a causal chain
- Include all significant GHG impacts in the GHG assessment boundary
- Define the assessment period









Step 3- Define the GHG boundary and assessment period

• The GHG assessment boundary defines the scope of the assessment in terms of the range of GHG impacts.

Step 4- Estimate the renewable energy addition of the policy ex-ante

- Estimate the technical potential for the assessment period of the policy
 - o Policy with cap set for entire assessment period
 - o Policy without cap set for entire assessment period
 - o Policy with cap set for a portion of the assessment period
- Identify policy design characteristics and account for their effect on the technical potential for the assessment period of the policy
 - Identify design characteristics that are likely to influence the RE technical potential in their country context
 - Describe how the identified policy design characteristics are expected to influence RE deployment
 - o Estimate the overall influence of these characteristics on the RE technical potential for the assessment period of the policy.
- Identify factors that affect the financial feasibility of RE technologies and account for their effect on the technical potential for the assessment period of the policy
 - Calculate the levelized cost of electricity for different renewable energy technologies
 - Compare the LCOE with financial incentives provided by renewable energy policies
 - Account for other cost considerations in a national context (if relevant)
 - o Consider the effect of other policies in the sector (if relevant)
 - o Consider the effect of sectoral trends (if relevant)
- Identify other barriers not addressed by the policy and account for their effect on the technical potential for the assessment period of the policy
 - o Identify barriers
 - Evaluate severity of barriers
 - Identify policies that may help overcome barriers
 - o Determine effect of barriers on technical potential for the assessment period









Step 5- Estimate GHG impacts

- Choose the method for estimating GHG impacts based on the objectives of the assessment, and the policy's expected impact and time frame Trajectory method is selected
- Step 6 Monitor performance overtime
- Step 7 Report results and methodology used









Equations

Table 1 List of equations

Equation 1: Electricity	
demand per capita	$EDpCt \left[\frac{kWh}{capita} \right] = \frac{TED_t \left[\frac{kWh}{year} \right]}{Pop_t \left[\frac{capita}{year} \right]}$
Equation 2: Average	
growth rate of electricity	$GR_{t2}[\%] = \left \left(\frac{EDpC_{t2}}{EDpC_{t1}} \right)^{\overline{t2-t1}} - 1 \right * 100$
demand	$\begin{bmatrix} \langle EDpC_{t1} \rangle \end{bmatrix}$
Equation 3: Total	
electricity demand (Min)	$TED_{2030(\min)} = EDpC_{2016} \left[\frac{kWh}{capita} \right] * Pop_{2030} \left[\frac{capita}{year} \right] * \left(\frac{1 GWh}{10^6 kWh} \right)$
Equation 4: Electricity	
demand per capita (Max)	$EDpC_{2030} = EDpC_{2016} * (1 + GR_{2006-2016})^{(2030-2016)} + 1$
Equation 5: Total	$TED_{2030max} = EDpC_{2030} * Pop_{2030} \left[\frac{capita}{vear} \right]$
electricity demand (Max)	$[LD_{2030max} - LD_{pC_{2030}} + ID_{pC_{2030}}]$ year]
Equation 6: Total	$TED_{min2030}$ or $mar2030$
electricity generation	$TEG_{min2030 \ or \ max2030} = \frac{TED_{min2030 \ or \ max2030}}{1 - T\&D_{loss}[\%] - OwnUse[\%]}$
Equation 8: Electricity	$EG_{2030} = Assessed technical potential$
generation due to the	* Specific yield
policy	
Equation 9: Levelized	
Cost of Electricity	$LCOE = \frac{\sum_{t=1}^{n} \frac{I_t + M_t + F_t}{(1+d)^t}}{\sum_{t=1}^{n} \frac{E_t}{(1+d)^t}}$
Equation 10: Weighted	
average cost of capital	$WACC = Y_e * W_{e+} Y_d * (1-T_c)$
(WACC)	
Equation 11: Electricity	
Generation	$E_t = Pt*8760 + CFt$









Parameters

1.3.1 Ex-ante parameters

Table 2 List of parameters required for ex-ante analysis

Parameter	Parameter description		
Policy cap	Maximum quantity of installed capacity supported by the policy		
N/A	National renewable energy potential ¹		
N/A	Renewable Energy resource availability ¹		
N/A	Auction demand and auction design		
N/A	Longevity of the power purchase agreement (PPA)		
N/A	Qualification requirements		
N/A	Winner selection process		
N/A	Sellers' contractual liability requirements		
N/A	Electricity tariff for solar power		
N/A	Consumer tariff		
LCOE	Levelized Cost of Electricity		
I_t	Investment expenditures ²		
Mt	Operational and maintenance costs in year t ²		
Ft	Fuel costs in year t ²		
Et	Electricity generation in year t ²		
d	Discount rate (or weighted average cost of capital: WACC) ²		
n	Economic lifetime of the system ²		
Pt	Power generation capacity of the system in year t ²		
CF_t	Capacity factor in year t ²		
N/A	Effect of other policies		
N/A	Effect of sectoral trends		
N/A	Account for barriers		
TEDt	Total electricity demand (current)		

¹ Only required if policy cap is not available

N/A – Not applicable



² Only required if LCOE is not available







TED _t	Total electricity demand (projected)
Popt	Total population in year t ³
Popt	Projected population in year t ³
T & D loss (current)	Transmission & distribution loss - current ⁴
T & D loss (projected)	Transmission & distribution loss -projected
N/A	Own electricity use of the plant
N/A	Electricity generation mix
TE_EG	The total emissions from electricity generation by a technology
EG	Electricity generation
N/A	Annual capacity factor
N/A	Annual average operation days
N/A	Number of working hours of the power plant
N/A	Investment in electricity generation technologies
N/A	Status of abundance of natural resources in the country
N/A	Fuel price (historical/projected)
N/A	Subsidy schemes for certain technologies
N/A	Type of System and system changes to accommodate higher shares of VRE

1.3.2 Ex-post parameters

Table 3: List of parameters required for ex-post analysis

Parameter	Parameter description	
N/A	Electricity generation mix	
N/A	Net electricity supplied to the electricity grid from solar power plant	
TE_EG	The total emissions from electricity generation by a technology	
N/A	Grid emission factor ⁵	
EG	Electricity generation	
N/A	Installed solar capacity or solar capacity addition	

³ Only required if projected electricity demand of the country is not available

⁵ Only required if TE_EG is not available



7

⁴ Only required if projected T&D loss is not available







N/A	Investment in electricity generation technologies	
N/A	Status of abundance of natural resources in the country	
N/A	Fuel price (historical/projected)	
N/A	Subsidy schemes for certain technologies	
N/A	Type of system and system changes to accommodate higher shares of VRE	

1.4 Parameter and procedure

Table 4 Parameter and procedure table

Parameter	Parameter description	Applied for	Procedure
Policy cap	Maximum quantity of installed capacity supported by the policy	Estimate technical potential	P3_PRS_MME
N/A	National renewable energy potential ¹		P3_PRS_MME
N/A	Renewable Energy resource availability ¹		P3_PRS_MME
N/A	Auction demand and auction design	_ Design	P1_PRS_EDC
N/A	Longevity of the power purchase agreement (PPA)	characteristics	P1_PRS_EDC
N/A	Qualification requirements		P1_PRS_EDC
N/A	Winner selection process		P1_PRS_EDC
N/A	Sellers' contractual liability requirements		P1_PRS_EDC
N/A	Electricity tariff for solar power		P1_PRS_EDC
N/A	Consumer tariff		P2_PRS_EAC
LCOE	Levelized Cost of Electricity		P4_PRS_PD_RE
I_t	Investment expenditures ²		P4_PRS_PD_RE
F_t	Fuel costs in year t ²	Financial	P4_PRS_PD_RE
M_t	Operational and maintenance costs in year ²	feasibility	P4_PRS_PD_RE
E_t	Electricity generation ²		P4_PRS_PD_RE
d	Discount rate (or weighted average cost of capital: WACC) ²		P4_PRS_PD_RE
п	Economic lifetime of the system ²		P4_PRS_PD_RE
Pt	Power generation capacity of the system ²		P4_PRS_PD_RE









CFP Capacity factor in year t² P4_PRS_P P3_PRS_N			The Sustained	
N/AEffects of sectoral trendsP3_PRS_NN/AEffects of other barriersAccount for barriersP3_PRS_NTED_tTotal electricity demand (projected)P3_PRS_NTED_tTotal population3P2_PRS_NPop_tProjected population3P2_PRS_ET & D_lossTransmission & distribution loss - current4P2_PRS_EN/AOwn electricity use of the plantP2_PRS_EN/AElectricity generation mixBaseline (Exante), Baseline (Expost) & P2_PRS_EElectricity generation mixElectricity generation of a technologyBaseline (Expost) & P2_PRS_EN/AGrid emission factor3(Expost)P2_PRS_EEGElectricity generation(Expost)P2_PRS_EN/AAnnual capacity factorP2_PRS_EN/AAnnual average operation daysProject (Ex-ante)P4_PRS_PN/ANumber of working hours of the power plantProject (Ex-ante)P4_PRS_PN/AInvestment in electricity generation technologiesProject (Ex-ante)P3_PRS_NN/AStatus of abundance of natural resources in the countryProject (Ex-ante)P3_PRS_NN/AFuel price (historical/projected)Project (Ex-ante)P3_PRS_NN/ASubsidy schemes for certain technologiesProject (Ex-ante)P3_PRS_N	CFt	Capacity factor in year t ²	allow.	P4_PRS_PD_RE
N/AEffects of other barriersAccount for barriersP3_PRS_M TED_t Total electricity demand (projected)P2_PRS_M TED_t Total population3P2_PRS_E Pop_t Projected population3P2_PRS_E $T \& D_{loss}$ Transmission & distribution loss - current4P2_PRS_E $T \& D_{loss}$ Transmission & distribution loss - projectedP3_PRS_M N/A Own electricity use of the plantBaseline (Exante), Baseline (Exante), Baseline (Expost)P2_PRS_E N/A Grid emissions from electricity generation of a technologyBaseline (Exante) & Baseline (Exante) & Baseline (Expost)P2_PRS_E N/A Grid emission factor5Expost)P2_PRS_E N/A Annual capacity factorExpost)P2_PRS_E N/A Annual average operation daysP7_PRS_E N/A Number of working hours of the power plantP7_PRS_E N/A Investment in electricity generation technologiesP3_PRS_M N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the countryP7_PRS_E N/A Fuel price (historical/projected)P7_PRS_E N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologiesP7_PRS_E	N/A	Effects of other policies	P3_PRS_MME	
Effects of other barriers Barriers Barriers Barriers Barriers Barriers P3_PRS_M	N/A	Effects of sectoral trends		P3_PRS_MME
Total electricity demand (current)P2_PRS_EPoptTotal population3Projected population3Project	N/A	Effects of other barriers		P3_PRS_MME
PoptTotal population3Baseline (Exante) $Popt$ Projected population3Baseline (Exante) $T \& D loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - current4P2_PRS_E $T \& D loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - projectedBaseline (Exante) N/A Own electricity use of the plantBaseline (Exante), Baseline	TED_t	Total electricity demand (projected)		P3_PRS_MME
Popic Projected population3Baseline (Exante) $T \& D loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - current4P2_PRS_E $T \& D loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - projectedP3_PRS_MN/AOwn electricity use of the plantBaseline (Exante), Baseline (Exante), Baseline (Expost) & Project (Expost)P2_PRS_E $TE EG$ Total emissions from electricity generation of a technologyBaseline (Exante) & Baseline (Exante) & P2_PRS_E N/A Grid emission factor5(Ex-post)P2_PRS_E EG Electricity generation(Ex-post)P2_PRS_E N/A Annual capacity factorP2_PRS_E N/A Annual average operation daysProject (Ex-ante)P4_PRS_P N/A Number of working hours of the power plantProject (Ex-ante)P3_PRS_M N/A Investment in electricity generation technologiesProject (Ex-ante) & Project (Ex-ante) & P3_PRS_M N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the countryProject (Ex-ante) & P3_PRS_M N/A Fuel price (historical/projected)Project (Ex-ante) & P3_PRS_M N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologiesP3_PRS_M	TED_t	Total electricity demand (current)		P2_PRS_EAC
PoptProjected population3ante)- ante) $T \& D loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - current4P2_PRS_E $T \& D loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - projectedP3_PRS_MN/AOwn electricity use of the plantBaseline (Exante), Baseline (Expost) & Project (Ex-post)P2_PRS_E $TE _EG$ Total emissions from electricity generation of a technologyBaseline (Exante) & Baseline (Exante) & Baseline (Exante) & Baseline (Exante) & P2_PRS_E N/A Grid emission factor5(Ex-post)P2_PRS_E EG Electricity generation(Ex-post)P2_PRS_E N/A Annual capacity factorP2_PRS_E N/A Annual average operation daysProject (Ex-ante)P4_PRS_P N/A Investment in electricity generation technologiesProject (Ex-ante) & P3_PRS_M N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the countryProject (Ex-ante) & P7_PRS_E N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the countryProject (Ex-ante) & P3_PRS_M N/A Fuel price (historical/projected)P3_PRS_M N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologiesP3_PRS_M	Pop_t	Total population ³	Dogalina (Ev	-
$T \in D \mid loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - current4 $P2 \mid PRS \mid E$ $T \notin D \mid loss$ Transmission & distribution loss - projected $P2 \mid PRS \mid E$ N/A Own electricity use of the plantBaseline (Exante), Baseline (Expost) $P2 \mid PRS \mid E$ N/A Total emissions from electricity generation of a technologyBaseline (Exante) & Baseline (Exante) $P2 \mid PRS \mid E$ N/A Grid emission factor5 $P2 \mid PRS \mid E$ EG Electricity generation $EX \mid PS \mid E$ N/A Annual capacity factor $P2 \mid PRS \mid E$ N/A Annual average operation days $P7 \mid PS \mid E$ N/A Number of working hours of the power plant $P7 \mid P4 \mid PRS \mid E$ N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies $P7 \mid P3 \mid PRS \mid E$ N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country $P7 \mid P7 \mid$	Pop_t	Projected population ³	,	-
N/A Own electricity use of the plant N/A Electricity generation mix Electricity generation mix TE_EG Total emissions from electricity generation of a technology N/A Grid emission factor ⁵ EG Electricity generation N/A Annual capacity factor N/A Annual average operation days N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies Baseline (Ex-ante) (Ex-post) P2_PRS_E (Ex-post) P2_PRS_E P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N	T & D loss	Transmission & distribution loss - current ⁴	ante)	P2_PRS_EAC
N/A Electricity generation mix Electricity generation mix Electricity generation mix Electricity generation mix Electricity generation of a technology N/A Grid emissions from electricity generation of a technology EG Electricity generation N/A Annual capacity factor N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies Baseline (Exante), Baseline (Ex-post) P2_PRS_E P3_PRS_E P4_PRS_P P4_PRS_P P4_PRS_P P3_PRS_M P3_PRS_M P3_PRS_M P3_PRS_M P3_PRS_M P3_PRS_M P3_PRS_M P3_PRS_M	T & D loss	Transmission & distribution loss - projected		P3_PRS_MME
Electricity generation mix Electricity generation mix TE_EG Total emissions from electricity generation of a technology N/A Grid emission factor ⁵ EG Electricity generation N/A Annual capacity factor N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies ante), Baseline (Ex-post) Baseline (Ex-ante) Ex-post) P2_PRS_E P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N	N/A	Own electricity use of the plant		P2_PRS_EAC
TE_EG a technology ante) & Baseline P2_PRS_E N/A Grid emission factor ⁵ (Ex-post) P2_PRS_E EG Electricity generation P2_PRS_E N/A Annual capacity factor P2_PRS_E N/A Number of working hours of the power plant P4_PRS_P N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies P3_PRS_M N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country Project (Ex-ante) & P3_PRS_M N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) P3_PRS_M N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies P3_PRS_M	N/A	Electricity generation mix	ante), Baseline (Ex-post) &	P2_PRS_EAC
EG Electricity generation P2_PRS_E N/A Annual capacity factor N/A Annual average operation days N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies Project (Ex-ante) Project (Ex-ante) Project (Ex-ante) Project (Ex-ante) Project (Ex-ante) P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N	TE_EG		`	P2_PRS_EAC
N/A Annual capacity factor N/A Annual average operation days N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies Project (Ex-ante)	N/A	Grid emission factor ⁵	(Ex-post)	P2_PRS_EAC
N/A Annual average operation days N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies Project (Ex-ante)	EG	Electricity generation		P2_PRS_EAC
N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies N/A Project (Ex-ante) Pa_PRS_N Pa_PRS_N Pa_PRS_N Pa_PRS_N Pa_PRS_N Pa_PRS_N	N/A	Annual capacity factor		P2_PRS_EAC
N/A Number of working hours of the power plant N/A Investment in electricity generation technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies P4_PRS_P P3_PRS_N P7_PRS_N P7_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N	N/A	Annual average operation days	Project (Ex-ante)	P4_PRS_PD_RE
technologies N/A Status of abundance of natural resources in the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies P3_PRS_N Project (Ex-ante) & Project (Ex-ante) post) P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N	N/A	Number of working hours of the power plant		P4_PRS_PD_RE
the country N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies Project (Ex-ante) & Project (Ex-post) P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N P3_PRS_N	N/A		& Project (Ex-	P3_PRS_MME
N/A Fuel price (historical/projected) P3_PRS_N N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies P3_PRS_N	N/A			P3_PRS_MME
N/A Subsidy schemes for certain technologies P3_PRS_N	N/A	Fuel price (historical/projected)		P3_PRS_MME
N/A Type of System and system changes to	N/A	Subsidy schemes for certain technologies		P3_PRS_MME
	N/A	Type of System and system changes to accommodate higher shares of VRE		P3_PRS_MME









N/A	Net electricity supplied to the electricity grid from solar power plant	Project (Ex-post)	P1_PRS_EDC
N/A	Installed solar capacity (MW) or solar capacity addition		P1_PRS_EDC

1.5 Organization structure and MRV specific responsibilities

Table 5 MRV specific responsibilities of the stakeholders

Parameter	Parameter description	Task	Responsible staff	Procedure
Policy cap	Maximum quantity of installed capacity supported by the policy	Calculate the value and report to the Existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EDC	P3_PRS_MME
na	National renewable energy potential ¹	Calculate the RE potential of the country and report to existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Renewable Energy resource availability ¹	Analyze the resource availability and report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Auction demand and auction design	Collect volume of competitive bidding, design conditions, and details of pre-analysis of the conditions regarding proposed projects and keep records. Report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EDC	P1_PRS_EDC
na	Longevity of the power purchase agreement (PPA)	Collect, record and report the data to data collection team of the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EDC	P1_PRS_EDC
na	Qualification requirements	Gather data regarding eligibility requirement to participate in the auctions	Responsible officer at EDC	P1_PRS_EDC









			A CHO Sustained	
		such as business experience, financial ability, technical expertise, resources required and report to the existing working group at MME at MME		
na	Winner selection process	Gather data on bidding procedures, minimal requirements for competition, winner selection criteria, clearing mechanism, and payment to the winner. Keep records and report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EDC	P1_PRS_EDC
na	Sellers' contractual liability requirements	Collect data regarding the liabilities of the seller according to the contract. May collect data such as commitments to contract signing, contract signing, contract schedule, remuneration profiles & financial risks, nature of liability, and settlement rules, delays, and institutional & regulatory framework. Submit the documented data to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EDC	P1_PRS_EDC
na	Electricity tariff for solar power	Collect data and report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EDC	P1_PRS_EDC
na	Consumer tariff	Collect data and report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC
LCOE	Levelized Cost of Electricity	Calculate the Levelized Cost of Electricity and report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE









			A.C.H.S.	
I_t	Investment expenditures ²	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
F_t	Fuel costs in year t ²	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
M_{t}	Operation and maintenance costs in year ²	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
E_t	Electricity generation ²	Measure, record and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
d	Discount rate (or weighted average cost of capital: WACC) ²	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME If discount rate is not available, following data need to be collected capital using Cost of equity (Y _e), Percentage of financing that is equity (W _e), Cost of debt (Y _d), Percentage of financing that is debt (W _d), Corporate tax rate (T _c) and submit to the existing working group at MME to calculate the WACC	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
n	Economic lifetime of the system ²	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
Pt	Power generation capacity of the system ²	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
CFt	Capacity factor in year t ²	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE









			A C. H. C. Sustained	and the state of t
na	Effect of other policies	Gather data on the policies that can positively or negatively affect on the 'reverse auction policy' (selected policy) to promote the solar energy. May collect data on the available emission tracking programmes, Energy or carbon tax, policies that mandate the closing of inefficient power plants, subsidies given for certain technologies or fuel, other direct or indirect subsidies that affect the power generation technologies, modifications or changes done to the electricity generation system which improve the absorption of variable renewable energy into the system	Responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Sectoral trends	Collect data related to the electricity generation sector (International/National) to understand the current trends. Submit the reported data to existing working group at MME.	Responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Other barriers	Collect data on barriers to promote the selected RE technology. Data may be collected on technical barriers, Infrastructure barriers, regulatory and policy uncertainties, institutional and administrative barriers, market barriers, financial	Responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME









			A C.H.S.	
		barriers, public acceptance, awareness, environmental concerns, etc. Identified barriers may be recorded and reported to existing working group at MME at the MME		
TEDt	Total electricity demand (Current)	Calculate the value for the respective year and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME
TEDt	Total electricity demand (projected)	Calculate the value for the respective year and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC
Popt	Total population ³	Collect the data from NIS and submit to the existing working group at MME at the MME	Responsible officer at the MoP	-
na	Projected population ³	Extract from published data from a reliable source (UN, DESA etc.)	Data collection team of the existing working group at MME	-
T & D loss	Transmission & distribution loss (current) ⁴	Calculate the value for current year and submit to the existing working group at MME	responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC
T & D loss	Transmission & distribution loss (projected)	Collect the forecasted T&D loss and submit to the existing working group at MME	responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Own electricity use of power plants	Collect data and report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC
na	Electricity generation mix	Collect/or analyze electricity generation mix and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC









			A C. H. C. Sustained	
TE_EG	Total emissions from electricity generation of a technology	Calculate GHG emissions based on electricity generation, fuel type and fuel consumption and submit to existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC
N/A	Grid emission factor ⁵	Calculate grid emission factor and submit to existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC
EG	Electricity generation	Collect data and report to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	P2_PRS_EAC
na	Annual capacity factor	Calculate and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EAC	Responsible officer at EAC
na	Annual average operation days	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at the power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
na	Number of working hours of the power plant	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at the power plants	P4_PRS_PD_RE
na	Investment in electricity generation technologies	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Status of abundance of natural resources in the country	Collect data/analyze and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at the MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Fuel price (historical/projected)	Collect/calculate data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at the MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Subsidy schemes for certain technologies	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at the MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Type of system and system changes to accommodate higher shares of VRE	Collect data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at the MME	P3_PRS_MME
na	Net electricity supplied to the electricity grid from solar power plant	Calculate data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officers at power plants	P1_PRS_EDC









na	Installed solar capacity (MW) or solar capacity addition	Measure data and submit to the existing working group at MME	Responsible officer at EDC	P1_PRS_EDC
----	--	--	----------------------------	------------









1.6 Proposed data management system

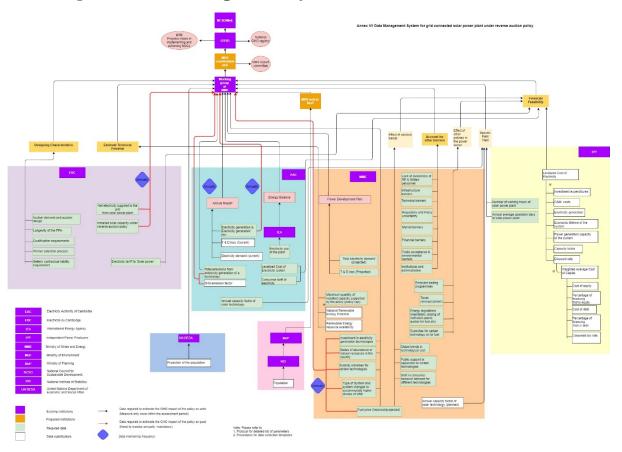


Figure 3: Proposed data management system

Source: Author









Data requirement (Ex-ante)

1.7 Data requirement

Data/Parameter	Policy cap
Data unit	MW
Description	Maximum quantity of installed capacity supported by the policy
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	National renewable energy potential
Data unit	MW
Description	-
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Compare with country data available in international databases
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Renewable Energy resource availability
Data unit	-
Description	Availability hydro, solar, wind, biomass generation potential etc.
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Compare with the data available in international databases
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	Auction demand and auction design
Data unit	-
	Choice of the volume auctioned, and differentiation between different technologies and project sizes (technology-neutral auctions or technology-specific auctions, and stand-alone or
Description	systematic auctioning policies)
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Longevity of the PPA
Data unit	-
	PPA signed with the preferred bidder
	provides power producers with a fixed price for a certain number
Description	of years and guaranteed purchase of all the generated energy
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Qualification requirements
Data unit	-
	Power producers eligible to participate in the auction and requirements related to reputation, Equipment and production site selection,
	Securing grid access,
Description	Instruments to promote local socioeconomic development
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	Winner selection process
Data unit	-
	Bidding procedure
	Minimal requirements for competition
	Winner selection criteria
	Clearing mechanism and marginal bids
Description	Payment to the auction winner
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Sellers' contractual liability requirements
Data unit	-
	Commitments to contract signing
	Contract schedule
	Remuneration profile and financial risks
	Nature of the quantity liabilities
	Settlement rules and under-performance penalties
Description	Delay and under-building penalties
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Consumer tariff
Data unit	USD/kWh
Description	-
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure	
(if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	Electricity tariff for solar power
Data unit	USD/kWh
Description	-
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure	
(if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Davamatan	I avaligad Coat of Electricity
Data/Parameter	Levelized Cost of Electricity
Data unit	USD/kWh
Description	-
Source of data	Project developers
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	_

Data/Parameter	It
Data unit	USD ⁶
Description	Investment expenditures in year t
Source of data	Financial records of the power plant
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Check with the values attributed to similar sized power plants
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Mt
Data unit	USD
Description	Operational and maintenance costs in year t
Source of data	Financial records of the power plant
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period

 $^{^6}$ This parameter will be used to calculate the LCOE of an energy project, which is representing the present value of the costs over the lifetime of the project.



_







QA/QC procedure	Check with the values attributed to similar sized power plants
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	

Data/Parameter	Ft
Data unit	USD
Description	Fuel costs in year t
Source of data	Financial records of the power plant
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Check with the values attributed to similar sized power plants
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	

Data/Parameter	Et
Data unit	kWh
Description	Electricity generation in year t
Source of data	Operation records of the power plant
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Check with the values attributed to similar sized power plants
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	d
Data unit	%
Description	Discount rate (or weighted average cost of capital)
Source of data	Financial records of power plants
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Check with the values attributed to similar sized power plants
	Alternative - Calculate Weighted average cost of capital $WACC = Ye * We + Yd * (1-Tc)$
	r_e Cost of equity (expected return on equity)
	W_e Percentage of financing that is equity
	r_d Cost of debt
	W_d Percentage of financing that is debt
	T_c Corporate tax rate
Measurement procedure	(all are dimensionless parameters are needed to be collected from
(if any)	the power plants)
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	n
Data unit	Years
Description	Economic lifetime of the system
Source of data	Records of the power plants
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Compare with the national/international data sources
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	

Data/Parameter	Pt
Data unit	kW
Description	Power generation capacity of the system
Source of data	Records of the power plant
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	

Data/Parameter	CFt
Data unit	-
Description	Capacity factor in year t
Source of data	Records of the power plants
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Compare with national/international values
Measurement procedure (if any)	
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	Effect of other policies
Data unit	-
	Emissions trading programs -which through GHG emission pricing may provide an additional incentive for RE technologies by increasing the cost of high emission technologies
	Taxes, such as energy or carbon taxes
	Energy regulations, such as mandatory closing of inefficient plants and reduction of fuel quotas
	Subsidies such as fossil fuel subsidies, or direct and indirect
Description	electricity subsidies
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	Conduct surveys and interviews, review literature to collect relevant data.
Any comment	Other policies in the sector may affect the financial feasibility of RE technologies. They may also enable or impede the implementation of the policy, and may continue into the future or be discontinued. Therefore, analyze the effects of policies that may interact with the financial feasibility of RE technologies

Data/Parameter	Effect of sectoral trends
Data unit	-
	Changes in fossil fuel prices that can cause shifts between fossil
	fuels (e.g., shift from coal to natural gas due to lower costs of
	natural gas), or alter the financial feasibility of RE power plants
	Public support or opposition to certain technologies, such as mini
	hydro instalment
	Global trends in technology and costs, whether these relate to RE technologies (e.g. falling costs of solar PV panels) or to fossil
	fuel-based plants including carbon capture and storage
	Shifts in consumer behavior, such as increasing demand for
Description	renewable electricity
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period









QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	
	Sectoral trends can reinforce or counteract RE policies and the
	financial feasibility of RE technologies; they may affect electricity
	tariffs or wholesale market prices. Therefore, relevant sectoral
Any comment	trends need to be considered

Data/Parameter	Account for barriers
Data unit	-
Description	Describe barriers to RE deployment in the geographic area of the policy
	Technical Lack of technical standards (e.g. uniform engineering or technical criteria, methods, processes and practices) for some RE technologies
	Lack of sufficient technology providers
	Insufficient transmission and distribution infrastructure to connect new RE capacity to the grid, especially where RE resource potential is highest
	Regulatory and policy uncertainty Insufficient clarity and transparency in existing regulations or in the development of new policies
	Institutional and administrative Lack of strong and dedicated institutions to carry out policies
	Permits for new RE plants are difficult to obtain, approval procedures are lengthy and cumbersome, or there is a lack of spatial planning for RE
	Unclear procedures and responsibilities, and/or complex interactions and lack of coordination between the various authorities involved
	Other barriers in the energy system, such as existing industry, infrastructure and energy market regulation; intellectual property rights; tariffs on international trade; and allocation of government financial support
	Market Inconsistent pricing structures that put renewables at a disadvantage









Asymmetrical information among market actors
Market power and subsidies for fossil fuels
Blockage of incumbent actors and limited access for new actors into the market
Import tariffs and technical barriers that impede trading in renewables
Access to market
Financial or budgetary Absence of adequate funding opportunities and financing products for RE
Financing unreasonably costly for RE technologies
Concerns about possible devaluation of asset value
Disproportionately high transaction costs in relative terms
Total budget available for policy measures (e.g. for tax incentives, feed-in tariffs)
Infrastructure Lack of flexibility of the energy system (i.e. of the electricity grid to integrate or absorb RE)
Energy markets are not prepared for RE (e.g. integration of intermittent energy sources, grid connection and access are not fairly provided)
Higher grid connection costs for RE









	Lack of awareness of RE and skilled personnel Insufficient knowledge about availability, benefits and performance of RE
	Insufficient numbers of skilled workers, and lack of training and education
	Lack of general information and access to data relevant to RE deployment (e.g. deficient data about natural resources)
	Lack of experience and expertise among the relevant stakeholders, including project sponsors and power producers, investors and financiers, and regulators and authorities
	Public acceptance and environmental concerns Linked to experiences with planning regulations and public acceptance of RE
	Lack of research into the more complex interactions between RE technologies and the environment
	Competition with other interests in the geographic area (e.g. fishing, shipping and aviation, recreational use of land, archaeological and historical heritage interests, civil and military airport interests)
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	Consult with national experts and relevant stakeholders from universities, ministries, the private sector, or the public
Any comment	The barrier analysis focuses only on those barriers not directly addressed by the policy being assessed

Data/Parameter	TEDt
Data unit	kWh/year
Description	Total electricity demand (projected)
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Compare the value with similar economy countries
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	TEDt
Data unit	kWh/year
Description	Total electricity demand (current)
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Popt
Data unit	-
Description	Total population (current)
Source of data	Ministry of Planning/ National Institutes of statistics
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Popt
Data unit	-
Description	Total population (projected)
Source of data	UN DESA or any other reliable data source
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the available actual data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	T & D loss (Current)
Data unit	%
Description	Transmission & distribution loss
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
	Trend check with the past data
QA/QC procedure	Compare with the value of similar economy countries
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	T & D loss (Forecasted)
Data unit	%
Description	Transmission & distribution loss
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
	Trend check with the past data
QA/QC procedure	Compare with the value of similar economy countries
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Own electricity use of the plant
Data unit	%
Description	
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Comparison with the sample data of power plants Compare with the internationally available data sources
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Annual capacity factor
Data unit	%
Description	Annual capacity factor for solar technology
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	Annual average operational days
Data unit	days
Description	-
Source of data	Records of the power plants
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Number of working hours of the power plant
Data unit	hours
Description	-
Source of data	Records of the power plants
Monitoring frequency	Once in the assessment period
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data requirement (Ex-post)

	Net electricity supplied to the electricity grid from solar power
Data/Parameter	plant
Data unit	GWh
Description	-
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
	Calculated as the difference between quantity of electricity exported to the grid and quantity of electricity imported from the grid, as measured by electronic energy meters at the grid delivery
Measurement procedure (if any)	point
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Installed solar capacity or solar capacity addition
Data unit	MW
Description	-
Source of data	EDC
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Electricity generation mix
Data unit	%
Description	
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	TE_EG
Data unit	tCO_2
Description	The total emissions from electricity generation of a technology
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Annually
	Trend check with the past data
QA/QC procedure	Compare with the value of similar economy countries
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	N/A
Data unit	tCO ₂ e/MWh
Description	Grid emission factor
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Annually
	Trend check with the past data
QA/QC procedure	Compare with the value of similar economy countries
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	EG
Data unit	MWh/y
Description	Electricity generation
Source of data	EAC
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Investment in electricity generation technologies
Data unit	USD
Description	Trends in investment costs for different electricity generation technologies
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	Trend check with the past data
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	Status of abundance of natural resources in the country
Data unit	-
	Renewable resources
	Compare resource map and existing power plant types
	Conventional resources
Description	Abundance of fossil fuel resources
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Fuel price (historical/projected)
Data unit	USD/ton
Description	-
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	
Any comment	-

Data/Parameter	Subsidy schemes for certain technologies
Data unit	-
	Policies that artificially decrease energy prices or production
Description	costs of power generation technologies
Source of data	Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-









Data/Parameter	Type of System and system changes to accommodate higher shares of VRE
Data unit	-
	Demand-side management Energy efficiency and demand reduction policies Energy storage T&D infrastructure (Including interconnection) grid codes for VRE Electricity markets (Capacity market mechanisms, and market-based measures for energy storage and demand-side
Description Source of data	management) Ministry of Mines and Energy
Monitoring frequency	Annually
QA/QC procedure	-
Measurement procedure (if any)	-
Any comment	-

